

1.	The practices of economic growth in five East Asian countries: an introduction	
	<i>Ng Chee Yuen and Suthiphand Chirathivat</i>	1
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Brief overview of economic performances	3
1.3	Historical contexts	15
1.4	External environment	24
1.5	Debate and assessment of economic performance	27
1.6	Different developmental paths	29
1.7	Concluding remarks	31

## PART ONE CHINA

2.	Transition paradigm, industrial policy and economic growth in China: domestic and international forces	
	<i>Wang Zhengyi</i>	35
2.1	Introduction	35
2.2	Two development paradigms and transition: a historical perspective	36
2.3	Government-dominated industrial policy, market creation and technological capability	41
2.4	Political economy of transition: the domestic and international sources	47
2.5	Concluding remarks	57
3.	China's policy in the automobile industry: strategy, institution and performance	
	<i>Sheng Bin and Wang Zheng Yi</i>	62
3.1	Introduction	62
3.2	Historical review of auto industry development	62
3.3	Evolution of the auto industry policy	67
3.4	Performance of auto industry policy	73
3.5	Conclusion	77

4.	Trinity of the development of China's electronics industry: state intervention, domestic market and international industry transferring	
	<i>Huang Shaoqing</i>	80
4.1	Introduction	80
4.2	A historical review	81
4.3	Consumer electronics industry	87
4.4	The computer industry	96
4.5	The semiconductor industry	102
4.6	Summary and conclusion	108

## PART TWO INDONESIA

5.	Industrial policy and economic growth in Indonesia: an analysis of state roles in Indonesian manufacturing development	
	<i>Bambang P.S. Brodjonegoro and Sugiharso Safuan</i>	112
5.1	Introduction	112
5.2	Manufacturing sector in Indonesia	114
5.3	Political economy of industrial policies in Indonesia	128
5.4	Industrial policy and economic growth in Indonesia: two case studies in Indonesian manufacturing development	144
5.5	Concluding remarks	179

## PART THREE MALAYSIA

6.	The role of the state and market in industrialisation and economic growth in Malaysia	
	<i>Mahani Zainal Abidin, Khadijah Md. Khalid and Lee Hwok Aun</i>	186
6.1	Introduction	186
6.2	Role of state and market	194
6.3	The political dimension	207
6.4	State intervention and policies in the Malaysian industrialisation process and economic growth	225
6.5	Conclusion	230
6.6	Case studies	232

## PART FOUR THE PHILIPPINES

7.	Growth and development in the Philippines: the role of the state and industrial policy	
	<i>John Lawrence Avila and Peter Lee U</i>	263

7.1	Introduction	263
7.2	Macroeconomic performance	264
7.3	Industry and manufacturing	271
7.4	Sector industries	277
7.5	What have we learned? (Synthesis and Conclusion)	297

## PART FIVE THAILAND

8.	Industrial performance and policies in Thailand	
	<i>Paitoon Wiboonchutikula</i>	304
8.1	Introduction	304
8.2	Industrial development performance	305
8.3	Trade and industrialization policies	309
8.4	Future government role and policy	317
8.5	Concluding remarks	323
9.	The electrical and electronics industry	
	<i>Paitoon Kraipornsak</i>	351
9.1	General background	351
9.2	General government policy relating to the industry	352
9.3	Analysis of government policy	354
9.4	Present and future of the industry	358
10.	The automobile industry in Thailand	
	<i>Paitoon Kraipornsak</i>	364
10.1	General background	364
10.2	General government policy relating to the automobile industry	365
10.3	Analysis of government policy and the automobile industry development in Thailand	369
11.	The relationship between the state and private sector in industrial policy (1960 – present): from alliance system to oligopoly	
	<i>Ukrist Pathamanand</i>	380
11.1	Concept and purpose	380
11.2	Export promotion policy and the birth of the industrial business group from the 1970s-1990s	388
11.3	The 1990s to present: money politics and oligopoly by the private sector	393
11.4	Conclusion	400